



# Scalby Learning Trust

## Trust Policy

# Admissions Policy

Approver: CEO  
Review Cycle: Annual

Revision History			
Date	Version	Short Description of Changes	Approved by:
Nov 2020	v1.0	Trust wide policy adopted	CEO

### This Policy Applies To:

Secondary Schools  
Primary Schools

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## Introduction

This Policy applies to the Academic Year 2022/2023.

This applies to all Academies within Scalby Learning Trust at 1 September 2020. For an Academy that join the Trust after this time, please see their separate arrangements.

All governing bodies are required by section 324 of the Education Act 1996 to admit to the school a child with an Educational Health and Care Plan (EHCP) that names the school. This is not an oversubscription criterion. This relates only to children who have undergone statutory assessment and for whom a final Educational Health and Care Plan has been issued.

## Priority Groups

If the number of applications exceeds the Published Admission Number (PAN), after the admission of children where the school is named in the Education Health and Care Plan the following oversubscription criteria will apply:

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Order of Priority	Notes:
<p>Priority Group 1:</p> <p>Looked after children and all previously looked after children for whom the school has been expressed as a preference. Previously looked after children are children who were looked after, but ceased to be so because they were adopted<sup>1</sup> or became subject to a child arrangement order<sup>2</sup> or special guardianship order.</p>	<p>This applies to all looked-after children, including those who are in the care of another local authority or being provided with accommodation by a local authority in the exercise of their social services function at the time of making an application.</p> <p>In the case of previously looked after children, a copy of the relevant documentation will be required in support of the application.</p> <p><sup>1</sup>This includes children who were adopted under the Adoption Act 1976 and Children who were adopted under the Adopted &amp; Childrens Act 2002.  <sup>2</sup>Child Arrangement Orders replace residence orders and any residence order in force prior to 22 April 2014 is deemed to be a Child Arrangement Order.</p>
<p>Priority Group 2:</p> <p>Children who appear to the Admissions Authority to have been in state care outside of England and cease to be in state care as a result of being adopted.</p>	<p>A child is regarded as being in state care outside of England if they were accommodated by a public authority, a religious organisation or any another provider of care whose sole purpose is to benefit society.</p>
<p>Priority Group 3:</p> <p>Children the Authority considers have special social or medical reasons for admission.</p>	<p>We will only consider applications on social or medical grounds if they are supported by a professional recommendation from a doctor, social worker, or other appropriate professional. The supporting evidence should set out the particular social or medical reason(s) why the school in question is the most suitable school and the difficulties that would be caused if the child had to attend another school.</p> <p>Panels of professionally qualified people will consider all applications made under priority group 3.</p>

<sup>1</sup> As designated by the Education (Grammar School Designation) Order 1998 (SI 1998/2219). Where a designated Grammar School converts to become an Academy, the Academy is permitted to continue selecting their entire intake: Section 6(3) of the Academies Act 2010.

<sup>2</sup> Section 104 of the School Standards and Framework Act

Priority Group 4:  Children living within the normal area of the school.	Refer to tie break
Priority Group 5:  Children of staff at the Trust.	Priority in this oversubscription criteria is given in either or both of the following circumstances: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• where a member of staff has been employed by the Trust for more than two years at the time when the admission to the school is made, and/or</li> <li>• the member of staff has been recruited to fill a demonstrable skill shortage.</li> </ul>
Priority Group 6:  Children living outside the normal area of the school.	Refer to tie break

Children in higher numbered priority groups will be offered places ahead of those in lower numbered priority groups. All applications within each priority group will be considered equally (i.e. all applications, regardless of order of preference).

**Tie break:**

If there are not enough places for all the children in one of these priority groups, we will give priority first to those with a sibling at the school in September 2022 (in all cases sibling refers to brother or sister, half brother or sister, adopted brother or sister, step brother or sister, or the child of the parent/carer's partner where the child for whom the school place is sought is living in the same family unit at the same address as that sibling) and then to those living nearest the school.

If within a priority group there are not enough places for all those with a sibling at the school in September 2022, we will give priority to those children with a sibling living nearest the school.

All distance measurements are based on the nearest route recognised by the County Councils electronic mapping system from a child's home address to school. The measurement is made from a fixed point within the dwelling, as identified by Ordnance Survey, to the nearest school entrance using footpaths and roads. The routes measured to determine the allocation of school places will be those recognised by the electronic mapping system used by the school admissions team.

If the distance tie-break is not sufficient to distinguish between applicants in a particular priority group a random allocation will be used.

## Random Allocation Procedure

Random allocations are necessary where:

- There is more than one applicant ranked equally according to the published admission rules and there are insufficient places available to allocate all of the equally ranked applicants
- This occurs where applicants are equidistant from a school because the usual method of measuring distance to the school results in two unrelated applicants having the same distance measurement. Each random allocation event only holds for the allocation of the currently available school place. On any waiting list the remaining applicants remain equally ranked and any further place is offered as the result of a further random exercise. In making a random allocation it is important that there is scrutiny from a person who is not involved in the allocation process.

### Definition Of Roles

- Independent Scrutineer (IS) – this is a person who ensures the process is carried out in a correct and transparent way. The IS must be independent of the school for which the allocation is to be made and also must be independent of the Council’s Admissions and Transport team.
- Admissions Officer (AO) – this is an officer from the Council’s Admissions and Transport team who is responsible for carrying out the administration of the random allocation procedure and recording the results, under the scrutiny of the IS.
- Person who makes the draw (P) – this must be a person independent of the school for which the allocation is to be made and must be a person who is not part of the Council’s Admissions and Transport team.

Process To Be Followed – N.B. This entire process is to be carried out in sight of, and under the scrutiny of, the IS

- The AO allocates each pupil to be included in the draw a number and records it on the ‘Random Allocation Cross Reference Sheet’. This is placed in a sealed envelope.
- The AO prepares as many equal sized pieces of white paper as are necessary, which are numbered consecutively.
- The AO folds each numbered sheet and seals them in identical envelopes, i.e. envelopes with no visibly identifiable differences.
- The AO shuffles the envelopes and hands them to P who shuffles the envelopes again, picks one envelope and opens it.
- The AO records the first number drawn on the ‘Random Allocation Record sheet’.
- If more than one place can be offered they continue to draw envelopes and record numbers until all of the available places are allocated.
- The AO then opens the previously sealed envelope containing the ‘Random Allocation cross reference sheet’ and records the numbers drawn on the ‘Random Allocation cross reference sheet’, marking clearly which child(ren) has(have) been allocated a place and which have not.
- Once the process has been completed, the AO, IS and P should sign and date both the ‘Random Allocation Record sheet’ and the ‘Random Allocation cross

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reference sheet' in order to certify that the procedure has been carried out correctly.

We may be able to meet your preference for a place at a school that does not serve the local area you live in. In this case, you will normally be responsible for travel arrangements and the costs of your child's travel to and from school.

### **Deferred Applications For Infants**

Admission authorities must provide for the admission of all children in the September following their fourth birthday.

Parents offered a place in reception for their child have a right to defer the date their child is admitted, or to take the place up part-time, until the child reaches compulsory school age. Places cannot be deferred beyond the beginning of the final term of the school year for which the offer was made

Children reach compulsory school age on the prescribed day following their 5th birthday (or on their fifth birthday if it falls on a prescribed day). The prescribed days are 31 August, 31 December and 31 March.

### **Summer Born Children**

Children born in the summer term are not required to start school until a full year after the point at which they could first have been admitted – the point at which other children in their age range are beginning year 1. As noted above, school admission authorities are required to provide for the admission of all children in the September following their fourth birthday, but flexibilities exist for children whose parents do not feel they are ready to begin school at this point.

If you feel that your summer born child is not ready to start school in the September following his/her fourth birthday, you should still submit your application for your child's normal age group at the usual time and at the same time submit a request for admission out of the normal age group directly to the Admission Authority. You will be advised of the outcome of your request for delayed entry prior to the primary national offer date of 16 April 2021.

The DfE has issued non-statutory guidance, "Advice on the Admission of summer born children", which can be accessed via <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/summer-born-children-admission>

The DfE guidance states that:

- 'It is reasonable for admission authorities to expect parents to provide them with information in support of their request – since without it they are unlikely to be able to make a decision on the basis of the circumstances of the case. This should demonstrate why it would be in the child's interests to be admitted to reception rather than year one.
- In some cases parents may have professional evidence that it would be appropriate for them to submit, for example, when a child receives support from a speech and language therapist. However, there should be no expectation that

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parents will obtain professional evidence that they do not already have. Admission authorities must still consider requests that are not accompanied by professional evidence. In such cases the supporting information might simply be the parent's statement as to why they have made their request.'

If your request is agreed, your application for the normal age group may be withdrawn before a place is offered. If your request is refused, you must decide whether to accept the offer of a place for the normal age group, or to refuse it and make an in year application for admission to year one for the September following your child's fifth birthday.

Where your request is agreed, you must make a new application as part of the main admissions round the following year.

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## Admission of Children Outside Their Normal Age Group

The School Admission Code states that 'Parents may seek a place for their child outside of their normal age group, for example, if the child is gifted and talented or has experienced problems such as ill health.

When such a request is made, the Admission Authority will make a decision on the basis of the circumstances of the case and in the best interests of the child concerned, taking into account the views of the headteacher and any supporting evidence provided by the parent. This will include taking account of the parent's views; information about the child's academic, social and emotional development; where relevant, their medical history and the views of a medical professional; whether they have previously been educated out of their normal age group; and whether they may naturally have fallen into a lower age group if it were not for being born prematurely. The Admission Authority will notify parents in writing of the outcome of their request setting out the reasons for their decision. Parents have a statutory right to appeal against the refusal of a place at a school for which they have applied. This right does not apply if they are offered a place at the school but it is not in their preferred age group.

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## Appendix 1: Friarage Community Primary School

### *Local arrangements:*

Catchment Area: For the most up to date information on Friarage Community Primary Schools' catchment area please go to [www.northyorks.gov.uk/admissions](http://www.northyorks.gov.uk/admissions)

For further information about the admissions process, the closing date for applications and the allocation date, go to: [www.northyorks.gov.uk/admissions](http://www.northyorks.gov.uk/admissions).

### *Protocol for In-Year admissions*

Applications for in year admissions are received by the Admissions team at NYCC who contact the Inclusion Manager regarding the application. The decision for any in year admission is taken by the Headteacher in consultation with the Trust Admissions Committee based on current children on roll for the year group.

Once approval is given the Admissions Team ask the parent/carer to contact school. Relevant forms will be given to the parent/carer to complete before a child starts school.

A tour of school with parent/carer and the child will be strongly encouraged before any child starts. A formal starting date for the child is agreed. Admin will liaise with the previous school for the CTF and the pupil file(s) will be transferred to school, this may include safeguarding files and EHCP's where relevant. The child will be entered into ScholarPack. The Inclusion Team will make sure that relevant staff are aware of the admission and the expected start date, this would include the class teacher and Senior Leadership Team.

On the child's first day they will be met by a member of the Inclusion Team. A member of the Inclusion Team will speak to the child daily until it is felt that the child has successfully transferred and is settled into their school life. Inclusion will make contact with the parent/carer during the settling in period to ascertain their views.

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## Appendix 2: Newby and Scalby Primary School

### *Local arrangements:*

Catchment Area: For the most up to date information on Newby and Scalby Primary Schools' catchment area please go to [www.northyorks.gov.uk/admissions](http://www.northyorks.gov.uk/admissions)

For further information about the admissions process, the closing date for applications and the allocation date, go to: [www.northyorks.gov.uk/admissions](http://www.northyorks.gov.uk/admissions).

### *Protocol for In-Year admissions*

Applications for in year admissions are received by the Admissions team at NYCC who contact the Inclusion Manager regarding the application. The decision for any in year admission is taken by the Headteacher in consultation with the Trust Admissions Committee based on current children on roll for the year group.

Once approval is given the Admissions Team ask the parent/carer to contact school. Relevant forms will be given to the parent/carer to complete before a child starts school.

A tour of school with parent/carer and the child will be strongly encouraged before any child starts. A formal starting date for the child is agreed. Admin will liaise with the previous school for the CTF and the pupil file(s) will be transferred to school, this may include safeguarding files and EHCP's where relevant. The child will be entered into ScholarPack. The Inclusion Team will make sure that relevant staff are aware of the admission and the expected start date, this would include the class teacher and Senior Leadership Team.

On the child's first day they will be met by a member of the Inclusion Team. A member of the Inclusion Team will speak to the child daily until it is felt that the child has successfully transferred and is settled into their school life. Inclusion will make contact with the parent/carer during the settling in period to ascertain their views.

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## Appendix 3: Scalby School

### *Local arrangements:*

Scalby School - For priority group 6 applications (that is, children living outside the normal area of the school), priority will be given to children who live in the areas normally served by East Ayton Community Primary School and the area west of Scalby Road from Lady Edith's Drive to Scalby Beck and who:

1. will have an older sibling at Scalby School at the start of the term when the younger sibling starts school; or
2. would have to make the longest journey to another school without them becoming eligible for help with travel costs from us under the local authority transport policy.

### *Protocol for In-Year admissions*

Applications for in year admissions are received by the Head's PA (Personal Assistant). The decision for any in year admission is taken by the Headteacher in consultation with the Trust Admissions Committee and AHT (Assistant Head Teacher) Behaviour and Safety.

Once approval is given the admissions form is passed to school admin officer responsible for updating SIMS with student information. A student profile with personal information will be created. AHT Behaviour & Safety will inform the relevant HOY (Head of Year) of the pending admission.

HOY will contact the parent carer to organise a pre-admission meeting and to confirm the student's start date at Scalby School. HOY will also contact the new student's previous school in order to obtain performance data for the new student.

HOYs should prepare a timetable for the new student before they arrive for their first day at school. If this is not possible then HOYs should:

- I. issue a "shadow" timetable, where the new student follows the timetable of an allocated "buddy" until their own timetable has been constructed
- II. prepare the new student's time table by the end of their first day
- III. inform the DHT (Deputy Head Teacher) of any issues which prevent the construction of the timetable by the end of the first day.
- IV. In the case of statemented or CLA (Child Looked After) admissions this process may take up to 3 working days due to the complex nature of these admissions. The students can be accommodated in the Impact Centre whilst their timetable is being constructed.

The HOY, using relevant performance data and if appropriate the schools baseline assessment system, should construct the student's timetable using the process below

- In Year 7 & 8 - the HOD of maths and English having setting priority in each band and block and will set the student appropriate teaching groups. The remainder of the student's timetable will be directed by these sets once other HODs have been informed of the setting arrangements. Once these have been agreed, HOY should take this information to the admin officer, who will construct a timetable for the student.

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- Where setting allows, HOD are free to adjust the setting of these students as long as it does not compromise the maths and English sets.
- In Years 9, 10 & 11 - the HOD of each core subject in order to set the student in appropriate teaching groups. The HOY should then contact the DHT for approval of the student's options choices. Once these have been agreed HOY should take this information to the admin officer, who will construct a timetable for the student.

On occasions it may be necessary to construct a timetable for an in-year admission student out with this protocol. However this will only be due to an unusual circumstance surrounding the admission and it is not expected that this process will be frequently used.

Should any HOD wish to raise a concern over a decision made to allocate a new student to a group in their department they should contact the DHT in the first instance to highlight the nature of their objection. The DHT will then make a final decision about the timetable allocation for the student.

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